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Claims:

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- 1. A process for determining a transforming element for a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix and corresponds to a transformation of a digital signal from the time domain into the frequency domain or vice versa, wherein:
- the transformation matrix is decomposed into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;
- the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix are each decomposed into a plurality of lifting matrices;
- the transforming element is determined to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices.
- The process of claim 1, wherein the transformation function is a DCT-I transformation function, DCT-IV
 transformation function, DST-I transformation function, DST-IV transformation function, DFT-I transformation function, DFT-IV transformation function, DWT-I transformation function or DWT-IV transformation function.
- 25 3. The process of claim 1 or 2, wherein the lifting matrices are each block-triangular matrices with two invertible integer matrices in one diagonal.
- 4. The process of claim 3, wherein the invertible integer 30 matrices in each lifting matrix are identity matrices or negative identity matrices.

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- 5. The process of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the transforming element comprises five lifting stages.
- 6. The process of any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein an audio signal or a video signal is used as the digital signal.
 - 7. A device for determining a transforming element for a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix and corresponds to a transformation of a digital signal from the time domain into the frequency domain or vice versa, the device comprising:

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- a first decomposition unit for decomposing the transformation matrix into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;
- a second decomposition unit for decomposing the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix each into a plurality of lifting matrices;
- a determination unit for determining the transforming element to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices.
- 8. A method for transforming a digital signal from the time 25 domain into the frequency domain or vice versa using a transforming element, wherein:
 - the transforming element corresponds to a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix wherein the transforming element is determined by a process comprising
 - decomposing the transformation matrix into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when

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multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;

- decomposing the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix each into a plurality of lifting matrices;
- determining the transforming element to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices;
- each lifting stage comprises the processing of subblocks of the digital signal by an auxiliary transformation and by a rounding unit.

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- 9. A device for transforming a digital signal from the time domain into the frequency domain or vice versa comprising a transformation unit for transforming the digital signal by a transforming element, wherein:
- the transforming element corresponds to a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix wherein the transforming element is determined by a process comprising
 - decomposing the transformation matrix into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;
 - decomposing the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix each into a plurality of lifting matrices;
 - determining the transforming element to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices;
- for each lifting stage the device comprises an auxiliary
 transformation unit for processing sub-blocks of the digital
 signal and a rounding unit for processing sub-blocks of the
 digital signal.

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- 10. A computer readable medium having a program recorded thereon, wherein the program is adapted to make a computer perform a process for determining a transforming element for a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix and corresponds to a transformation of a digital signal from the time domain into the frequency domain or vice versa, wherein:
- the transformation matrix is decomposed into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;

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- the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix are each decomposed into a plurality of lifting matrices;
- the transforming element is determined to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices.
 - 11. A computer readable medium having a program recorded thereon, wherein the program is adapted to make a computer perform a method for transforming a digital signal from the time domain into the frequency domain or vice versa using a transforming element, wherein:
 - the transforming element corresponds to a given transformation function, which transformation function comprises a transformation matrix wherein the transforming element is determined by a process comprising
 - decomposing the transformation matrix into a rotation matrix and an auxiliary matrix which, when multiplied with itself, equals a permutation matrix multiplied with an integer diagonal matrix;
 - decomposing the rotation matrix and the auxiliary matrix each into a plurality of lifting matrices;

- determining the transforming element to comprise of a plurality of lifting stages which correspond to the lifting matrices;
- each lifting stage comprises the processing of sub-blocks
 5 of the digital signal by auxiliary transformations and by a rounding unit.